Governance of pollution from marine plastics in East Asian Seas

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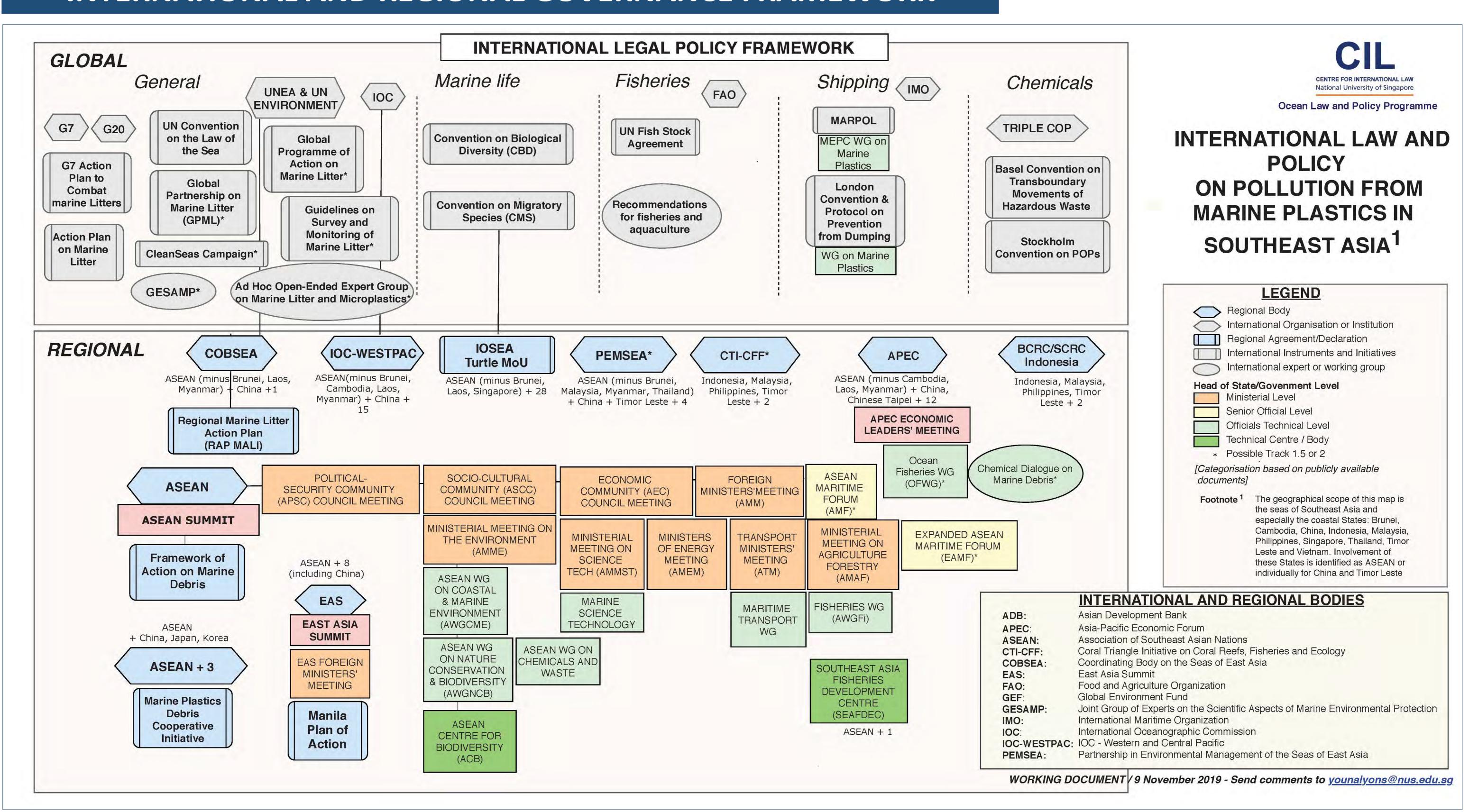
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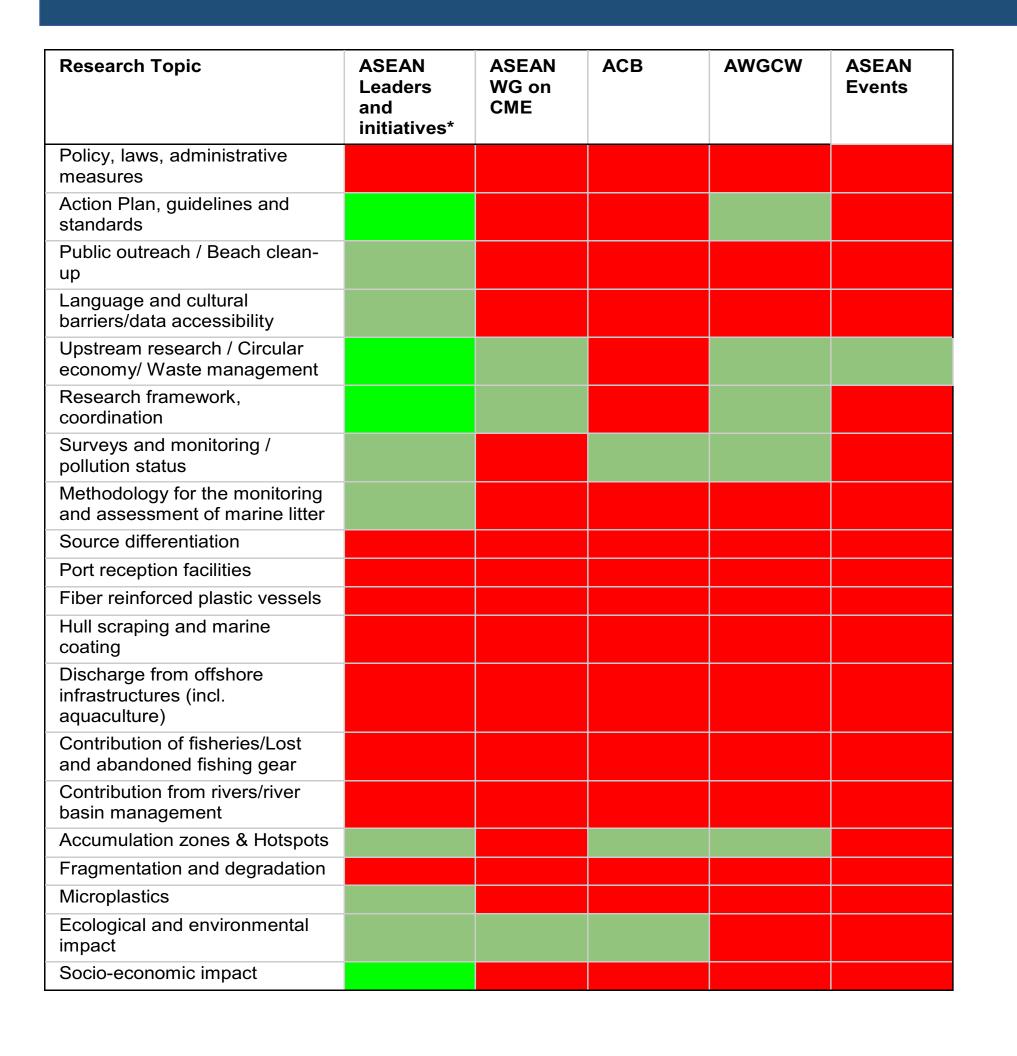
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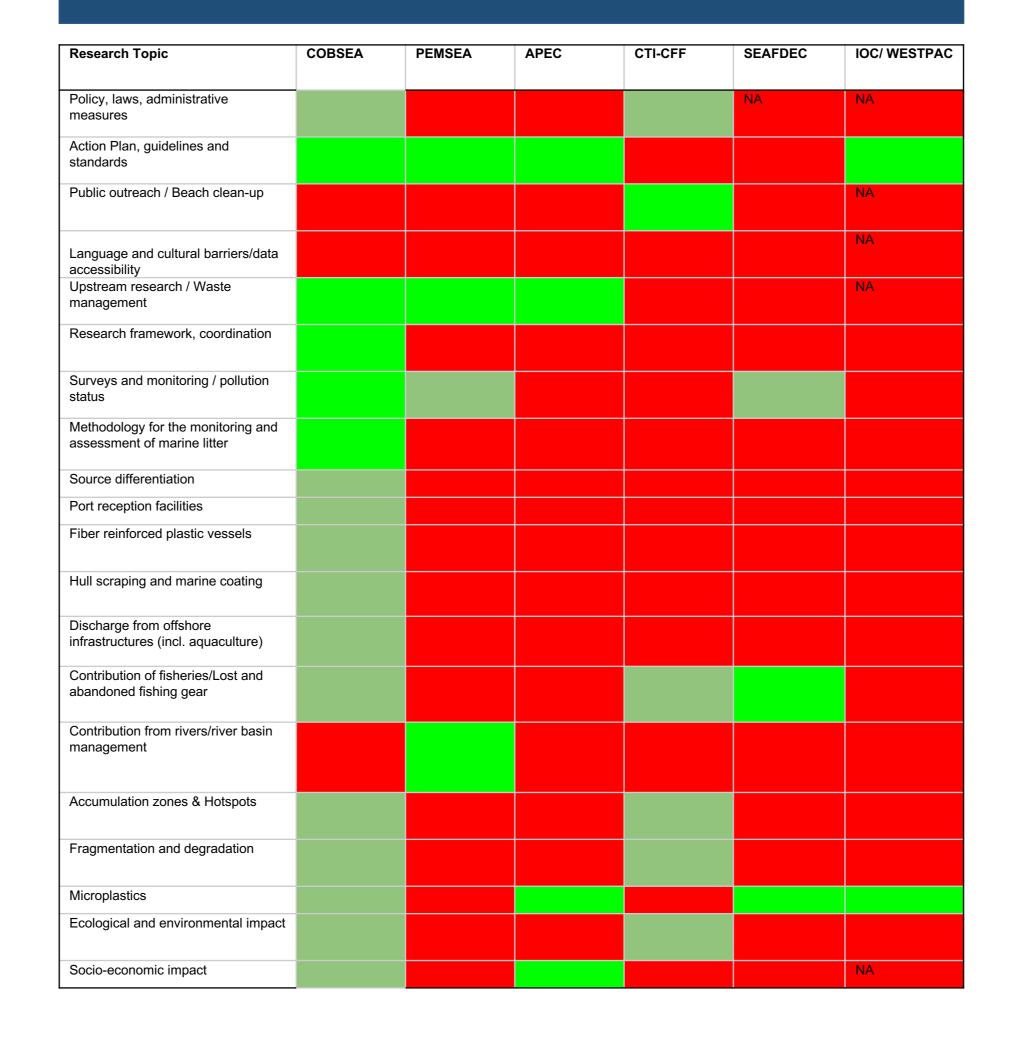
INTERNATIONAL AND REGIONAL GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

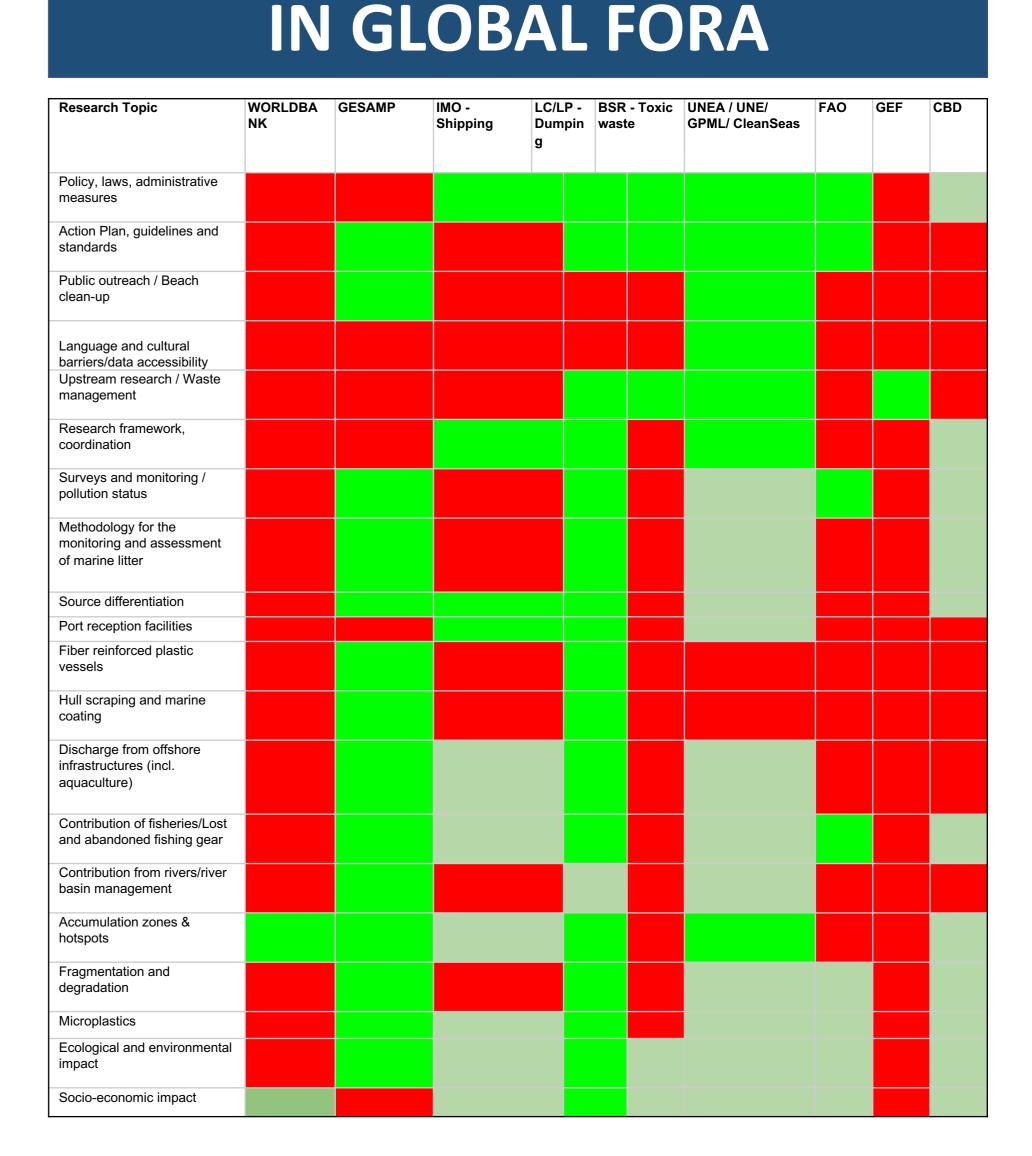


RESEARCH FOCUS IN ASEAN FORA



IN OTHER REGIONAL FORA





COBSEA RAP-MALI vs ASEAN FRAMEWORK

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

COBSEA REGIONAL ACTION PLAN ON MARINE LITTER (RAP MALI) 2019

BANGKOK DECLARATION ON COMBATING MARINE DEBRIS IN ASEAN REGION

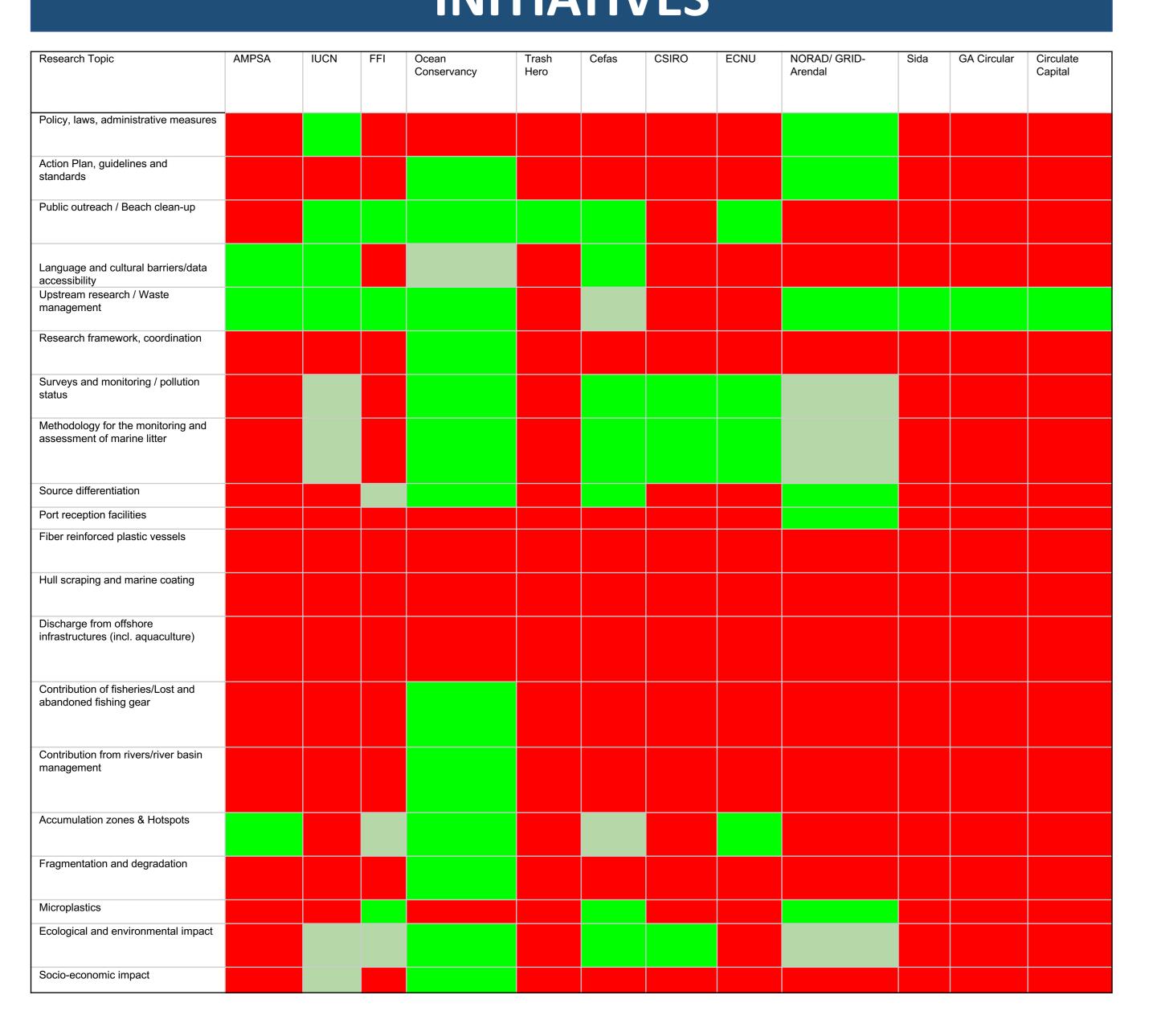
& ASEAN FRAMEWORK OF ACTION ON **MARINE DEBRIS 2019**

GOALS

adequate institutional, policy and implementation frameworks, cross sector coordination and regional and international cooperation

1) Sustainable and integrated marine litter management in the East Asian Seas region 2) Delivery of SDG 14.1 on marine pollution prevention and reduction and associated targets **OBJECTIVES** 1) Prevent and reduce to the minimum marine litter pollution in the marine and coastal environment of the East Asian Seas Region 2) Foster sustainable consumption and production in a multi-stakeholder whole lifecycle approach to prevent and reduce leakage at source 3) Remove to the extent possible already existent marine litter by using environmentally acceptable methods 4) Improve monitoring and assessment of marine litter and its impacts for a sciencebased approach 5) Enhance knowledge sharing and awareness about marine litter and its impacts amongst all stakeholders and all groups of society in the East Asian Seas Region 6) Support national efforts towards

RESEARCH FOCUS BY NON-GOVERNMENTAL INITIATIVES



PLANNED ACTIVITIES

COBSEA RAP MALI 2019

Action 1: Preventing and reducing marine litter from land-based sources

1.1) Legal & economic instruments

1.1.1) Enhance leadership, implementation and quality of government efforts

1.1.2) Solid waste management policies and agency coordination through policy-making mechanim

1.1.3) Develop and adopt instruments prevent/manage waste and towards circular economies including single-use plastics and deposit refund

1.2) Integrated waste management

1.2.1) Develop Industry dialogues for measures

1.2.2) Reduction, reuse & recycle as well as replacement to reduce amounts to landfill or incineration without energy recovery

1.2.3) Waste collection & separation systems

1.2.4) Take necessary measures to address illegal dumping

1.2.5) Cooperation with river authorities

1.3) Removal of existing litter and its disposal

1.3.1) Programs & activities such as coastal clean-ups

Action 2: Preventing and reducing marine litter from sea-based sources

2.1) Legal & economic instruments 2.1.1) Encouragement to develop & adopt instruments consistent with UNCLOS

& MARPOL

2.1.2) Reinforcement of national legal instruments on MARPOL Annex V, London Convention & FAO Code of Conducts of Resposible Fisheries

2.1.3) Assistance on requirements of MARPOL Annex V on improving port reception facilities

2.1.4) Sectoral prevention & reduction guidelines on fisheries & tourisms

2.1.5) Legislation on identified fishing gears

2.2) Removal of existing litter and its disposal

2.2.1) Programs & activities

Action 3: Monitoring and assessment of marine litter

3.1) Expert group

3.1.1) Setup of Marine Litter Monitoring Expert Group under COBSEA Working Group on Marine Litter

3.2) Regional & national marine litter monitoring programs

3.2.1) Regional guidance on harmonization in line with international standards

e.g. GESAMP

3.2.2) Regional training & data management 3.2.3) National monitoring & assessment on marine plastic & microplastic

3.2.4) Report preparation for SDG target 14.1

3.2.5) Database management

Action 4: Activities supporting the implementation of COBSEA RAP MALI

4.1) Regional & international cooperation and reporting

4.1.1) Setup of COBSEA Working Group on Marine Litter

4.1.2) Institutional cooperation e.g. MARPOL, London Convention, Basel Convention, CBD, GPA & FAO

4.1.3) City partnership for knowledge transfer

4.1.4) Regional conferences e.g. ASEAN

4.2) National planning & policy frameworks

4.2.1) National action plan development & implementation or on equivalent **GPA land-based**

4.2.2) Regional sectoral guidelines on waste management, tourism and plastic manufacturing

4.2.3) Reporting format of national planning & policy frameworks

4.3) Research activities

4.3.1) Research & development on technology as well as social & behavioral sciences

4.3.2) Research on marine litter impacts

4.3.3) Effectiveness on market-based instruments 4.3.4) Trajectory modeling on marine litters

4.3.5) Plastic flows and relative contribution

4.4) Information, education, outreach & involvement of stakeholders

4.4.1) Stakeholder involvement

4.4.2) Regular clean-ups for education, awareness, certain responsibility areas & international initiatives

4.4.3) Awareness raising campaigns

4.4.4) Information translated into national languages

4.5) Training & capacity building

4.5.1) Regional education & training for targeted groups 4.5.2) Technical capacity buildings to relevant staffs

ASEAN FRAMEWORK OF ACTION ON MARINE **DEBRIS**

1) POLICY SUPPORT & PLANNING

A. Regional policy dialogue 1.A.1) Regular policy dialogue/discussion

B. Multi-sectoral policy

1.B.1) Long-term waste management & circular economy

1.B.2) Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) policies e.g. design for environment, deposit refund and take-back for reusing and recycling 1.B.3) Government & business for product sustainability addressing single-use

1.B.4) Upstream policies on land-based & sea-based leakages

1.B.5) Inter-sectoral initiatives

1.B.6) Prioritization for national & local governments

C. Implementation of relevent laws & agreements e.g. MARPOL Annex V, Basel Convention & UNEP Resolution on marine litter & microplastic

1.C.1) Incorporation of international laws and agreements related to waste

management 1.C.2) Enabling conditions for implementation

1.C.3) Regular dialogue on Basel Convention Regional Centre on SE Asia (BCRC-

D. Regional action plan development

1.D.1) Taskforce on regional action plan development

1.D.2) Best practices from Regional Seas Program

1.D.3) Feasibility of ASEAN Agreement

1.D.4) Feasibility of ASEAN Centre

1.D.5) Contribution to East Asia Summit effort on regional action plan

2) RESEARCH, INNOVATION & CAPACITY BUILDING

A. Regional baseline on status & impacts

2.A.1) Baseline review & report development

2.A.2) Assessment & bridging gaps

B. Capacity development for national action plans/activities implementation

2.B.1) Standardize monitoring & evaluation methods

2.B.2) Capacity need assessment of ASEAN Member States

2.B.3) Trainings

C. Scientific knowledge, technology transfer & innovation solution

2.C.1) Research & knowledge sharing

2.C.2) Cooperation & Partnership across institutions

2.C.3) Innovative solutions by cities 2.C.4) Research & studies on plastics & microplastics

2.C.5) Possible sharing networks

2.C.6) Reserach on environmentally - friendly alternatives

3) PUBLIC AWARENESS, EDUCATION & OUTREACH

A. Public Awareness on status & impacts 3.A.1) Science-based communication materials

3.A.2) Information dissemination to the public

B. Behavior change & culture

3.B.1) Communication plan development

3.B.2) Best practices & campaigns

3.B.3) Sharing of alternative solutions & practices

3.B.4) Integration of scientific findings

3.B.5) Multistakeholder engagement C. Platform for knowledge sharing, innovative solutions & best practices

3.C.1) Expert exchange platforms and/or study trips

3.C.2) ASEAN platform

4) PRIVATE SECTOR ENGAGEMENT

A. Collaboration with private sector & industry association

4.A.1) Support on private sector for implementation measures B. Private sector investment & contribution

4.B.1) Private sector engagement with circular economy, product life-cycle management, sustainability & 3R

4.B.2) Mainstream private sector to support reseach & as well as CSR activities 4.B.3) Private sector investment for product redesign/packaging & alternative

materials 4.B.4) Value chain stakeholders for increasing waste recovery & recycling rates

